CITY OF LANGDON PLACE

REPORT ON AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

THOMAS R. CLARK, PSC

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CITY OF LANGDON PLACE TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Pages
Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements	1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Assets	2
Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities	3
Notes to Financial Statements	4 - 5
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	6 - 7
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	8
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Kentucky Municipal Aid Road Fund	9

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Deborah J. Stumler

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Langdon Place Jefferson County, Kentucky

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Langdon Place, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Langdon Place's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Langdon Place, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary comparison on pages 8 through 9, is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the Unite States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The City of Langdon Place has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Thomas R. Clark, PSC

Certified Public Accountant

Thomas R. Clark. CPA

December 31, 2007

CITY OF LANGDON PLACE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	GENERAL FUND	KENTUCKY MUNICIPAL AID ROAD FUND	TOTAL	ADJUSTMENTS	STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS Cash	\$321,017	\$16,118	\$337,135		\$337,135
Certificates of deposit	0	162,610	162,610		162,610
Property tax receivable	6,966	0	6,966		6,966
Prepaid insurance	4,345	0	4,345		4,345
Total Current Assets	332,328	178,728	511,056		511,056
INVESTMENTS	106,630	39,458	146,088		146,088
Total Assets	\$438,958	\$218,186	\$657,144		657,144
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$9,509	\$0	\$9,509		\$9,509
Total Current Liabilities	9,509	0	9,509		9,509
FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS					
Fund Balances, Unreserved	429,449	218,186	647,635	(647,635)	0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$438,958	\$218,186	\$657,144		
Net Assets, Unrestricted				647,635	647,635
Total Net Assets				\$647,635	\$647,635

CITY OF LANGDON PLACE STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		KENTUCKY			
		MUNICIPAL			STATEMENT
	GENERAL	AID ROAD			OF
	FUND	FUND	TOTAL	ADJUSTMENTS	ACTIVITIES
REVENUES					
Property taxes net of discount	\$186,298		\$186,298		\$186,298
Kentucky municipal aid	4100,250	\$15,036	15,036		15,036
OTHER REVENUES					
Interest	6,521	6,038	12,559		12,559
Penalties and interest on taxes	1,761		1,761		1,761
Franchise fees	4,116		4,116		4,116
Insurance premium taxes	23,095		23,095		23,095
Miscellaneous	186		186		186
Easement revenue	53,900		53,900		53,900
Total Revenues	275,877	21,074	296,951		296,951
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES					
Accounting audit services	2,230		2,230		2,230
Security services	13,772		13,772		13,772
Street lights	8,985		8,985		8,985
Garbage collection	46,892		46,892		46,892
Snow removal	7,075		7,075		7,075
Beautification and maintenance	43,516		43,516		43,516
Insurance	4,598		4,598		4,598
Legal services	7,500		7,500		7,500
Legal notices	1,752		1,752		1,752
Mayor and commissioners salary	24,000		24,000		24,000
Office expenses	10,306	1	10,307		10,307
Tax billing	3,053	•	3,053		3,053
Bookkeeping services	12,000		12,000		12,000
Bookkeeping services	12,000		12,000		12,000
Total Expenditures/Expenses	185,679	1	185,680		185,680
Excess of Revenues over					
Expenditures/Expenses	90,198	21,073	111,271	(111,271)	0
Changes in Net Assets				111,271	111,271
Fund Balances/Net Assets					
Beginning of the year	339,251	197,113	536,364		536,364
End of the year	\$429,449	\$218,186	\$647,635	<u>\$0</u>	\$647,635

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION - The City of Langdon Place follows fund accounting principles as appropriate for local government units. Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City in general considers revenues available if they are collected within 180 days after year end, except for property taxes, which the City considers available when property taxes are assessed. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

The City considers all revenues susceptible to accrual and recognizes revenue if the accrual criteria are met. Specifically, insurance premium taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources and the legally authorized activities of the City except those required to be accounted for in other specialized funds.

The Special Revenue Fund is the City's road fund. It accounts for municipal aid road fund monies from the State of Kentucky.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers all cash accounts which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or penalties, and certificates of deposit with original maturities of 90 days or less to be cash or cash equivalents.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - The management of the City believes that all accounts receivable are fully collectible. Therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts was recorded.

B. INVESTMENTS

The City's investments are in certificates of deposit with federally insured banks. The maturities of these certificates of deposit are as follows:

Maturing	General Fund Market Value	Kentucky Municipal Aid Road Fund Market Value
Within 1 year	\$0	\$162,610
After 1 year through 5 years	106,630	39,458
	\$106,630	\$202,068

CITY OF LANGDON PLACE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

C. PROPERTY TAX RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are collected and remitted to the City. Taxes are levied annually on January 1. Taxes are due October 31 after which time applicable penalties and interest are assessed. Tax revenue is recognized in the year levied.

Property tax receivable by year consists of the following:

YEAR	
2007	\$6,847
2006	(84)
2005	286
2004	(684)
2003	601
	\$6,966

D. CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK OF BANK DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City has cash deposits in various financial institutions, some of which exceeded the federally insured limit of \$100,000. At year end, the City had \$645,833 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) of which \$343,223 were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City's management believes that the credit risk related to these deposits is minimal.

E. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

F. BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The City Council is required to adopt an annual budget resolution by July 1 each fiscal year for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund. The City Council also approves any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any major object within a fund (the legal level of budgetary control).

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Langdon Place Jefferson County, Kentucky

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Langdon Place, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City of Langdon Place, Kentucky's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated December 31, 2007. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Audit Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City of Langdon Place's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do no express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Langdon Place, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Langdon Place, Kentucky's internal control.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Langdon Place, Kentucky's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the organization, and state agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Thomas R. Clark, PSC Certified Public Accountant

Thomas R. Clark, CPA

December 31, 2007

CITY OF LANGDON PLACE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES				***
Property taxes net of discount	\$170,000	\$170,000	\$186,298	\$16,298
OTHER REVENUES				
Interest	3,000	3,000	6,521	3,521
Penalties and interest on taxes	300	300	1,761	1,461
Franchise fees	7,000	7,000	4,116	(2,884)
Insurance premium taxes	19,000	19,000	23,095	4,095
Miscellaneous	0	0	186	186
Easement revenue	0	0	53,900	53,900
Total Revenues	199,300	199,300	275,877	76,577
EXPENSES				
Accounting audit services	2,100	2,100	2,230	(130)
Security services	18,000	18,000	13,772	4,228
Street lights	10,500	10,500	8,985	1,515
Garbage collection	48,000	48,000	46,892	1,108
Snow removal	10,000	10,000	7,075	2,925
Beautification and maintenance	40,000	40,000	43,516	(3,516)
Insurance	5,000	5,000	4,598	402
Legal services	7,500	7,500	7,500	0
Legal notices	2,000	2,000	1,752	248
Mayor and commissioners salary	24,000	24,000	24,000	0
Office expenses	13,000	13,000	10,306	2,694
Tax billing	3,000	3,000	3,053	(53)
Bookkeeping services	12,000	12,000	12,000	0
Road maintenance	4,200	4,200	0	4,200
Total Expenses	199,300	199,300	185,679	13,621
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$0_	<u>\$0</u>	\$90,198	<u>\$90,198</u>

CITY OF LANGDON PLACE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - ROAD FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES				
Kentucky municipal aid	\$15,500	\$15,500	\$15,036	(\$464)
Interest	2,000	2,000	6,038	4,038
Total Revenues	17,500	17,500	21,074	3,574
EXPENSES				
Office expense	0	0	1	1
Road maintenance	0	0	0	0
Total Expenses	0	0	1	1
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$17,500	\$17,500	\$21,073	\$3,573